

# TRANSCRIPTIONS AND EDITIONS BY HAROLD BAUER

## FOR ONE PIANO

BACH, JOHANN SEBASTIAN

- ▶ Chorale—Jesu, joy of man's desiring (Jesus bleibet meine Freude), from Church Cantata, No. 147
- Partita in B flat
- Toccatà in D
- Toccatà in G

BEETHOVEN, LUDWIG VAN

- Gavotte in F (4 hands)
- Gavotte in F (2 hands)

Tunes from the EIGHTEENTH CENTURY

- No. 1. Barberini's Minuet (after Hasse)
- No. 2. Y<sup>e</sup> Sweet Retreat
- No. 3. Motley
- No. 4. Flourish
- No. 5. Dolce far niente

HAYDN, JOSEPH

- Presto (Finale from Quartet, Op. 33, No. 2)

KUHNAU, JOHANN

- David and Goliath. Sonata in 8 parts

MOUSSORGSKY, MODESTE

- Pictures at an Exposition

SCHUBERT, FRANZ

- Ländler and other Dances
- Sonata in B flat (*Schirmer's Lib., Vol. 1367*)

SIBELIUS, JEAN

- From the North

## FOR TWO PIANOS

(4 hands)

BACH, JOHANN SEBASTIAN

- Concerto in C Minor
- Italian Concerto

BEETHOVEN, LUDWIG VAN

- Grosse Fuge, Op. 133

RAFF, JOACHIM

- Gavotte and Musette, from the Suite Op. 200

SCHUBERT, FRANZ

- Andantino Varié (on a French motive), Op. 84, No. 1
- Fantasia in F Minor, Op. 103
- Marche Militaire, Op. 51, No. 1
- Rondo Brillante, Op. 84, No. 2



## FOR THREE PIANOS

(6 hands)

BACH, JOHANN SEBASTIAN

- Concerto in C

## FOR VIOLIN AND PIANO

[ Violin parts Edited by ]  
FRANZ KNEISEL

BRAHMS, JOHANNES

- Sonata in G, Op. 78 (*Schirmer's Library, Vol. 1301*)
- Sonata in A, Op. 100 (*Schirmer's Library, Vol. 1302*)
- Sonata in D Minor, Op. 108 (*Schirmer's Library, Vol. 1303*)

# G. SCHIRMER, INC. NEW YORK

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This composition, Price, 50 cents, net, in U. S. A.

THE Chorale in Bach's 147th cantata bears the indication: "Melodey: Werde munter, mein Gemüthe" (Be thou cheerful, o my spirit).

This refers to a hymn which was at that time in general use throughout the Lutheran churches in Germany. The composer, Johann Schop, was born in Hamburg towards the close of the sixteenth century. In 1621 he was given the titular position of "Direktor der Ratsmusik, Kapellmeister der Stadt Hamburg", and he enjoyed a considerable reputation as a violinist. He died in 1664 or 1665—that is to say, twenty years before the birth of Johann Sebastian Bach.

A collection of his hymn tunes was published in 1642 by Rist in a volume entitled "Himmliche Lieder," and a facsimile of the melody included therein, upon which Bach's Chorale is based, is here reproduced by courtesy of the Library of Congress.

VII. Cantus.

Er be munter mein Gemüthe und Vor  
 Das Ich pr. Ich Gotts Güte/wach/ Er  
 Er me gebt berfa/! Als Er Rich den ganzen Tag für so  
 hat ge- than an Daz/!  
 mancher schweben Plog hat erhalten und befrüget/weg auch  
 Erken nicht beschwert.

Basius.

Er be munter mein Gemüthe und Vor  
 Das Ich pr. Ich Gotts Güte/wach/ Er  
 Er me gebt berfa/! Als Er Rich den ganzen Tag für so  
 hat ge- than an Daz/!  
 mancher schweben Plog hat erhalten und befrüget/weg auch  
 Erken nicht beschwert.

New York, April 1932

*Harold Bauer*

# Jesu, joy of man's desiring

(Jesus bleibet meine Freude)

from church Cantata No. 147

Melody by  
Johann Schop  
Published in 1643

Johann Sebastian Bach  
Transcribed for piano by  
Harold Bauer

Andante con moto  $\text{♩} = 66$

Piano

*p molto legato*

*con Ped.*

*pp poco cantando*

*mf espress.*

*p*

*rit.*

\*

*pp*

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First system of a piano score. The right hand features a melodic line with eighth-note patterns, while the left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The tempo/mood marking *poco cantando* is placed in the right hand.

Second system of the piano score. The right hand continues with a melodic line, and the left hand has a more active accompaniment. The marking *espress.* is written above the right hand, and *mf* is written below the left hand.

Third system of the piano score. The right hand has a melodic line with some slurs, and the left hand has a rhythmic accompaniment. The marking *mf* is written below the right hand. There are some handwritten annotations and a circled '7 7' in the left hand.

Fourth system of the piano score. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs, and the left hand has a rhythmic accompaniment. The marking *p* is written below the right hand. There are several circled notes in the right hand and a circled '7 7' in the left hand.

Fifth system of the piano score. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs, and the left hand has a rhythmic accompaniment. The marking *pp poco cantando* is written below the right hand. There are several circled notes in the right hand and a circled '7 7' in the left hand.

musical score system 1, featuring treble and bass staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The bass staff includes the instruction *tre corde* and *mf espress.* There are also some handwritten annotations and fingerings (e.g., '2') in the bass staff.

musical score system 2, featuring treble and bass staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The bass staff includes the instruction *cresc.* and *ff*.

musical score system 3, featuring treble and bass staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The bass staff includes the instruction *dim.* and some handwritten annotations.

musical score system 4, featuring treble and bass staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The bass staff includes the instruction *p semplice*.

First system of a piano score. The right hand features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides harmonic support with chords and single notes. A dynamic marking of *più p* is present. The system concludes with a fermata over the final chord.

*più p*

*Ad.* \*

Second system of the piano score. The right hand continues with a melodic line, and the left hand has a more active role with eighth notes. Dynamic markings include *poco rit.*, *pp a tempo*, and *una corda*. The system ends with a fermata.

*poco rit.*

*pp a tempo*

*una corda*

*Ad. sempre*

Third system of the piano score. The right hand has a complex melodic texture with many beamed notes. The left hand plays chords. A dynamic marking of *tre corde* is present. The system ends with a fermata.

\* *tre corde*

Fourth system of the piano score. The right hand features a melodic line with a *ritard.* marking. The left hand plays chords. Dynamic markings include *ppp* and *una corda*. The system ends with a fermata.

*ppp*

*ritard.*

*una corda*

*Ad.* \*